other information in the plan that could in any way compromise or decrease the filing entity's ability to prevent, mitigate, or recover from potential system disruptions caused by physical events, or cyber attacks.

(3) IEMA and the Commission shall, to the extent possible, coordinate with other State or federal agencies to assist the filing entity in developing its report and mitigating issues raised by the report.

Section 30-63. The Renewable Energy Facilities
Agricultural Impact Mitigation Act is amended by changing
Section 15 as follows:

(505 ILCS 147/15)

Sec. 15. Agricultural impact mitigation agreement.

(a) A commercial renewable energy facility owner of a commercial wind energy facility or a commercial solar energy facility that is located on landowner property shall enter into an agricultural impact mitigation agreement with the Department outlining construction and deconstruction standards and policies designed to preserve the integrity of any agricultural land that is impacted by commercial renewable energy facility construction and deconstruction. The construction and deconstruction of any commercial wind energy facility or commercial solar energy facility shall be in conformance with the Department's standard agricultural impact

mitigation agreement referenced in subsection (f) of this Section. The Department shall have the authority to halt the construction or deconstruction of a commercial wind energy facility or a commercial solar energy facility that does not meet or exceed the terms and conditions included in the Department's standard agricultural impact mitigation agreement referenced in subsection (f) of this Section, but shall allow other portions of the construction that are in compliance to continue. The Except as provided in subsection (a-5) of this Section, the terms and conditions of the Department's standard agricultural impact mitigation agreement are subject to and may be modified by an underlying agreement between the landowner and the commercial solar energy facility owner, subject to approval by the Department.

(a-5) Prior to the commencement of construction, the commercial renewable energy facility owner of a commercial wind energy facility or a commercial solar energy facility ecommercial solar energy facility owner shall submit to the county in which the commercial wind energy facility or commercial solar energy facility commercial solar energy facility commercial solar facility is to be located a deconstruction plan. A commercial solar energy facility owner shall provide the county with an appropriate financial assurance mechanism consistent with or exceeding the requirements of the Department's standard agricultural impact mitigation agreement for and to assure deconstruction in the

event of an abandonment of a <u>commercial wind energy facility</u>
or commercial solar energy facility.

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- (b) The agricultural impact mitigation agreement for a commercial wind energy facility shall include, but is not limited to, such items as restoration of agricultural land affected by construction, deconstruction (including upon abandonment of a commercial wind energy facility), construction staging, and storage areas; support structures; aboveground facilities; guy wires and anchors; underground cabling depth; topsoil replacement; protection and repair of agricultural drainage tiles; rock removal; repair of compaction and rutting; land leveling; prevention of soil erosion; repair of damaged soil conservation practices; compensation for damages to private property; clearing of trees and brush; interference with irrigation systems; access roads; weed control; pumping of water from open excavations; advance notice of access to private property; indemnification landowners; and deconstruction plans and financial assurance for deconstruction (including upon abandonment of a commercial wind energy facility).
- (b-5) The agricultural impact mitigation agreement for a commercial solar energy facility shall include, but is not limited to, such items as restoration of agricultural land affected by construction, deconstruction (including upon abandonment of a commercial solar energy facility); support structures; aboveground facilities; guy wires and anchors;

underground cabling depth; topsoil removal and replacement; rerouting and permanent repair of agricultural drainage tiles; rock removal; repair of compaction and rutting; construction during wet weather; land leveling; prevention of soil erosion; repair of damaged soil conservation practices; compensation for damages to private property; clearing of trees and brush; access roads; weed control; advance notice of access to private property; indemnification of landowners; and deconstruction plans and financial assurance for deconstruction (including upon abandonment of a commercial solar energy facility). The commercial solar energy facility owner shall enter into one agricultural impact mitigation agreement for each commercial solar energy facility.

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- (c) For commercial wind energy facility owners seeking a permit from a county or municipality for the construction of a commercial wind energy facility, the agricultural impact mitigation agreement shall be entered into prior to the public hearing required prior to a siting decision of a county or municipality regarding the commercial wind energy facility. The agricultural impact mitigation agreement is binding on any subsequent commercial wind energy facility owner that takes ownership of the commercial wind energy facility that is the subject of the agreement.
- (c-5) A commercial solar energy facility owner shall, not less than 45 days prior to commencement of actual construction, submit to the Department a standard agricultural

impact mitigation agreement as referenced in subsection (f) of this Section signed by the commercial solar energy facility owner and including all information required by the Department. The commercial solar energy facility owner shall provide either a copy of that submitted agreement or a copy of the fully executed project-specific agricultural impact mitigation agreement to the landowner not less than 30 days prior to the commencement of construction. The agricultural impact mitigation agreement is binding on any subsequent commercial solar energy facility owner that takes ownership of the commercial solar energy facility that is the subject of the agreement.

- (d) If a commercial renewable energy facility owner seeks an extension of a permit granted by a county or municipality for the construction of a commercial wind energy facility prior to the effective date of this Act, the agricultural impact mitigation agreement shall be entered into prior to a decision by the county or municipality to grant the permit extension.
- (e) The Department may adopt rules that are necessary and appropriate for the implementation and administration of agricultural impact mitigation agreements as required under this Act.
- (f) The Department shall make available on its website a standard agricultural impact mitigation agreement applicable to all <u>commercial wind energy facilities or</u> commercial solar

energy facilities within 60 days after the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly.

(g) Nothing in this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly and nothing in an agricultural impact mitigation agreement shall be construed to apply to or otherwise impair an underlying agreement for a commercial solar energy facility entered into prior to the effective date of this amendatory Act of the 100th General Assembly.

(Source: P.A. 99-132, eff. 7-24-15; 100-598, eff. 6-29-18.)

Section 30-65. The Consumer Fraud and Deceptive Business Practices Act is amended by adding Section 10e as follows:

(815 ILCS 505/10e new)

Sec. 10e. Filed Rate Doctrine. The filed rate doctrine shall not be a defense to an action under this Act against any entity regulated by the Illinois Commerce Commission. The remedies for violations of the Public Utilities Act and its rules do not replace, are in addition to and not in substitution for, the remedies that may be imposed for violations of this Act.

Section 30-70. The Illinois Worker Adjustment and Retraining Notification Act is amended by changing Section 10 as follows: